Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

December 31, 2021

Table	of	Contents

	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Basic Financial Statements Government-Wide Financial Statements Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities Fund Financial Statements	9 10
Balance Sheet - General Fund	11
Reconciliation of the General Fund Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position	12
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - General Fund	13
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance to the Statement of Activities	14
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund Notes to Financial Statements	15 16
Required Supplementary Information Length of Service Awards Program Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability and Related Ratios Other Postemployment Benefits Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Schedule of Contributions New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Schedule of Contributions	40 41 42 42 43 43
Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules Governmental Funds General Fund	
 Combining Balance Sheets – Sub-Funds Combining Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Sub-Funds Comparative Balance Sheets – Sub-Fund Comparative Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual – Sub-Fund Schedule of Expenditures Compared to Budget 	44 45 47 48 50
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	52

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Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Fire Commissioners of the Greenville Fire District, New York

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Greenville Fire District, New York ("District"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS") and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis and the schedules included under Required Supplementary Information in the accompanying table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit for the year ended December 31, 2021 was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules for the year ended December 31, 2021 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021 and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021 and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements of the basic financial statements themselves, for the year ended December 31, 2021, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended December 31, 2021.

We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States the basic financial statements of the District as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated June 25, 2021 which contained unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules for the year ended December 31, 2020 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2020 financial statements. The information was subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2020 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those financial statements or to those financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 2, 2022 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and reporting and compliance.

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP

PKF O'Connor Davies, I Harrison, New York May 2, 2022

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Introduction

This discussion and analysis of Greenville Fire District, New York's ("District") financial statements provides an overview of the financial activities of the District, for the year ended December 31, 2021. Please read it in conjunction with the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to those statements that follow this section.

Financial Highlights for Fiscal Year 2021

- On the government-wide financial statements, the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of fiscal year 2021 by \$23,981,630. Of this amount, the unrestricted net position is a deficit of (\$26,756,661).
- The District is committed to provide postemployment benefits to its employees in the form of pensions and healthcare. As a result, the District has recognized substantial liabilities in the government-wide financial statements for these benefits. As of December 31, 2021, the District had liabilities of approximately \$26.28 million for other postemployment benefits recorded in accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions" ("OPEB") and approximately \$1.88 million for its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities of the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS") and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System ("PFRS") recorded in accordance with the provision of GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for and GASB Statement No. 71, " Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68"". More detailed information about the District's OPEB and pension reporting is presented in Note 3 in the notes to financial statements.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported an ending fund balance of \$3,418,767, a decrease of \$684,608 from fiscal year 2020. Of this amount, the unassigned fund balance is \$1,017,662.
- A tax anticipation note in the amount of \$1,800,000 was issued and retired in fiscal 2021.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This MD&A serves as an introduction to the basic financial statements and provides analysis and overview of the District's financial activities. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are presented in a manner similar to private-sector business financial statements. The statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The government-wide financial statements include two statements: Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents the District's total assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in the net position may serve as a useful indicator as to whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing the change in the District's net position during the most recent fiscal year. All revenues and expenses are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods such as earned but unused vacation leave. The focus of this statement is on the net cost of providing various services to the citizens of the District.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues ("*governmental activities*"). The governmental activities of the District include general government support, public safety and interest.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in an individual fund based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related and legal requirements.

<u>Governmental Funds</u>: The services provided by the District are financed and accounted for through governmental funds. Governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This information is useful in determining the District's financing requirements for the subsequent fiscal period. Governmental funds use the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. From this comparison, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance, provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The District maintains one governmental fund, the General Fund.

The District adopts an annual budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for this fund to demonstrate compliance with the respective budget.

The financial statements for the governmental funds can be found in the basic financial statements section of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found following the basic financial statements section of this report.

Other Information

Additional statements and schedules can be found immediately following the notes to the financial statements. These include the required supplementary information for the District's service awards program, other post employment benefit liabilities and net pension liabilities. Individual fund financial statements and schedules are also presented as supplemental information.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. In the case of the District, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$23,981,630 for fiscal year 2021, a net increase of \$2,572,368 from 2020.

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position as of December 31:

	202	21	 2020
Current assets Capital assets, net		660,895 608,299	\$ 4,232,694 2,154,216
Total Assets	6,2	269,194	 6,386,910
Deferred outflows of resources	6,	775,851	 5,629,679
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities		253,750 574,782	 142,445 38,281,676
Total Liabilities	30,8	828,532	38,424,121
Deferred inflows of resources	6,	198,143	 146,466
Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	1,0 (26,	751,299 023,732 756,661)	 1,234,226 1,837,181 (29,625,405)
Total Net Position	\$ (23,9	981,630)	\$ (26,553,998)

One component of the District's net position is net investment in capital assets of \$1,751,299 which reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens and consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

The restricted net position of \$1,023,732 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on their use. The restrictions are for apparatus, repairs and future contributions to the State Retirement Systems and debt service.

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Activities for the year ended December 31.

	2021			2020		
Program Revenues						
Operating grants and contributions	\$	121,814	\$	102,200		
General Revenues						
Real Property Taxes		9,792,562		9,792,562		
Sale of property and compensation for loss		269,058		9,477		
Miscellaneous		2,501		9,950		
Total Revenues		10,185,935		9,914,189		
Program Expenses						
General Government Support		25,679		20,642		
Public Safety		7,548,823		15,296,016		
Interest		39,065		46,639		
Total Expenses		7,613,567		15,363,297		
Change in Net Position		2,572,368		(5,449,108)		
Net Position - Beginning		(26,553,998)		(21,104,890)		
Net Position - Ending	\$	(23,981,630)	\$	(26,553,998)		

During 2021, there was an increase in revenues of \$271,746, which is mainly a result of insurance recoveries from Hurricane Ida flooding. The decrease in Program Expenses of \$7,749,730 can be mainly attributed to a decrease in Other Postemployment Benefit Liabilities of \$2,276,152, whereas in 2020, there was an increase of \$4,421,940. The current year decrease is a result of the decreases in health insurance costs since the prior valuation.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds - The focus of the District's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$3,418,767, a decrease of \$684,608 from 2020. Of the total combined fund balance, \$1,017,662 constitutes the unassigned fund balance. The remainder of the fund balance is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. Nonspendable fund balance represents prepaid expenditures. Restricted fund balance is for apparatus, repairs, employee benefit, retirement contributions and tax stabilization. Assigned fund balance represents amounts appropriated for use in the subsequent year's budget.

Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2021, amounted to approximately \$2.61 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements and machinery and equipment.

Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation) December 31, 2021

	 2021	2020		
Land	\$ 100,000	\$	100,000	
Building and improvements Machinery and equipment	1,244,402 1,263,897		1,329,810 724,406	
Total	\$ 2,608,299	\$	2,154,216	

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Lisa Dinon, Secretary/Treasurer, Greenville Fire District, 711 Central Park Avenue, Scarsdale, New York 10583.

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Statement of Net Position December 31, 2021

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and equivalents	\$ 2,599,037
Investments	528,499
Accounts receivable	54,500
Prepaid expenses	478,859
Capital assets	
Not being depreciated	100,000
Being depreciated, net	2,508,299
Total Assets	6,269,194
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension related	6,561,423
Length of service awards program	214,428
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	6,775,851
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	242,128
Accrued interest payable	11,622
Non-current liabilities	,
Due within one year	126,000
Due in more than one year	30,448,782
Total Liabilities	30,828,532
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension related	6,095,824
Length of service awards program	102,319
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,198,143
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in capital assets	1,751,299
Restricted for	100 700
Apparatus	490,736
Repairs	93,839
Retirement Tax stabilization	311,414
Unrestricted	127,743 (26,756,661)
Uniesuicieu	(26,756,661)
Total Net Position	\$ (23,981,630)

Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2021

Functions/Programs	 - Expenses	F (G	Program Revenues Operating Grants and Optributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities		
Governmental activities					<i>/</i>	
General government support	\$ 25,679	\$	-	\$	(25,679)	
Public safety Interest	7,548,823 39,065		121,814		(7,427,009) (39,065)	
interest	 33,003				(39,000)	
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 7,613,567	\$	121,814		(7,491,753)	
General Revenues Real property taxes Insurance recoveries Miscellaneous					9,792,562 269,058 2,501	
Total General Revenues					10,064,121	
Change in Net Position					2,572,368	
NET POSITION Beginning					(26,553,998)	
Ending				\$	(23,981,630)	

Balance Sheet General Fund December 31, 2021

ASSETS Cash and equivalents Investments Accounts receivable Prepaid expenditures	\$ 2,599,037 528,499 54,500 478,859
Total Assets	\$ 3,660,895
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 242,128
Fund Balance	
Nonspendable	478,859
Restricted	1,647,246
Assigned	275,000
Unassigned	 1,017,662
Total Fund Balance	 3,418,767
	\$ 3,660,895

Reconciliation of the General Fund Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position Year Ended December 31, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because

Total Fund Balance -General Fund	\$ 3,418,767
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial	
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Capital assets - non-depreciable	100,000
Capital assets - depreciable	6,984,157
Accumulated depreciation	(4,475,858)
	 (1,110,000)
	 2,608,299
Differences between expected and actual experiences, assumption changes and net differences between projected and actual earnings and contributions subsequent to the measurement date for pensions and Length of Service Awards are recognized as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources on the statement of net position.	\$
Deferred outflows - pension related	6,561,423
Deferred outflows - length of service awards program	214,428
Deferred inflows - pension related	(6,095,824)
Deferred inflows - length of service awards program	 (102,319)
	 577,708
Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	
Accrued interest payable	(11,622)
General obligation bonds payable	(1,245,000)
Compensated absences	(361,357)
Net pension liability	(1,881,703)
Total pension liability - LOSAP	(803,734)
Total OPEB liability	 (26,282,988)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (23,981,630)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance General Fund Year Ended December 31, 2021

REVENUES

Real property taxes\$9,792,562Use of money and property19,161Federal aid102,653Miscellaneous2,501Total Revenues9,916,877EXPENDITURES9,916,877General government support25,679Public safety7,247,689Employee benefits3,466,606Debt service90,000Interest10,870,543Deficiency of Revenues00,000Over Expenditures(953,666)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES269,058Insurance recoveries269,058Net Change in Fund Balance(684,608)FUND BALANCE4,103,375End of Year\$S, 3,418,767		* • • 7 00 500
Federal aid102,653 2,501Miscellaneous2,501Total Revenues9,916,877EXPENDITURES General government support25,679 7,247,689Public safety7,247,689Employee benefits3,466,606Debt service90,000 40,569Principal90,000 40,569Interest10,870,543Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures(953,666)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Insurance recoveries269,058 269,058Net Change in Fund Balance(684,608)FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year4,103,375	Real property taxes	\$ 9,792,562
Miscellaneous2,501Total Revenues9,916,877EXPENDITURES General government support25,679Public safety7,247,689Employee benefits3,466,606Debt service Principal90,000Interest10,870,543Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures(953,666)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Insurance recoveries269,058Net Change in Fund Balance(684,608)FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year4,103,375		-
Total Revenues9,916,877EXPENDITURES General government support25,679Public safety7,247,689Employee benefits3,466,606Debt service90,000Interest40,569Total Expenditures10,870,543Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures(953,666)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Insurance recoveries269,058Net Change in Fund Balance(684,608)FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year4,103,375		
EXPENDITURES General government support25,679 25,679Public safety Employee benefits7,247,689 3,466,606Debt service Principal Interest90,000 40,569Total Expenditures10,870,543Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures(953,666)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Insurance recoveries269,058 (684,608)FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year4,103,375	Miscellaneous	2,501
General government support25,679Public safety7,247,689Employee benefits3,466,606Debt service90,000Principal90,000Interest40,569Total Expenditures10,870,543Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures(953,666)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Insurance recoveries269,058Net Change in Fund Balance(684,608)FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year4,103,375	Total Revenues	9,916,877
Public safety7,247,689Employee benefits3,466,606Debt service90,000Interest90,000Interest40,569Total Expenditures10,870,543Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures(953,666)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Insurance recoveries269,058Net Change in Fund Balance(684,608)FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year4,103,375	EXPENDITURES	
Employee benefits3,466,606Debt service90,000Principal90,000Interest40,569Total Expenditures10,870,543Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures(953,666)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Insurance recoveries269,058Net Change in Fund Balance(684,608)FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year4,103,375	General government support	25,679
Debt servicePrincipal90,000Interest40,569Total Expenditures10,870,543Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures(953,666)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Insurance recoveries269,058Net Change in Fund Balance(684,608)FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year4,103,375	Public safety	7,247,689
Principal90,000Interest40,569Total Expenditures10,870,543Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures(953,666)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Insurance recoveries269,058Net Change in Fund Balance(684,608)FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year4,103,375	Employee benefits	3,466,606
Interest40,569Total Expenditures10,870,543Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures(953,666)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Insurance recoveries269,058Net Change in Fund Balance(684,608)FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year4,103,375	Debt service	
Total Expenditures10,870,543Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures(953,666)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Insurance recoveries269,058Net Change in Fund Balance(684,608)FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year4,103,375	Principal	90,000
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures(953,666)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Insurance recoveries269,058Net Change in Fund Balance(684,608)FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year4,103,375	Interest	40,569
Over Expenditures(953,666)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES269,058Insurance recoveries269,058Net Change in Fund Balance(684,608)FUND BALANCE4,103,375	Total Expenditures	10,870,543
Over Expenditures(953,666)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES269,058Insurance recoveries269,058Net Change in Fund Balance(684,608)FUND BALANCE4,103,375	Deficiency of Revenues	
Insurance recoveries 269,058 Net Change in Fund Balance (684,608) FUND BALANCE 4,103,375	•	(953,666)
Net Change in Fund Balance(684,608)FUND BALANCE4,103,375	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year 4,103,375		269,058
Beginning of Year 4,103,375	Net Change in Fund Balance	(684,608)
Beginning of Year 4,103,375	FUND BALANCE	
End of Year \$ 3,418,767		4,103,375
	End of Year	\$ 3.418.767

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance to the Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2021

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (684,608)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlay expenditures	779,418
Depreciation expense	 (325,335)
	 454,083
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Principal paid on bonds	 90,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Accrued interest	1,504
Changes in pension liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows	,
of resources	385,306
Compensated absences	49,931
Changes in OPEB liabilities	 2,276,152
	 2,712,893
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 2,572,368

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual - General Fund Year Ended December 31, 2021

		ginal dget		Final Budget		Actual		ariance with inal Budget
REVENUES	¢ O	700 500	¢	0 700 500	<u></u>	0 700 560	¢	
Real property taxes Use of money and property	\$9,	792,562 11,795	\$	9,792,562 11,795	\$	9,792,562 19,161	\$	- 7,366
Federal aid		11,795		89,265		102,653		13,388
Miscellaneous		60,000		60,000		2,501		(57,499)
		00,000				2,001		(07,100)
Total Revenues	9,	864,357		9,953,622		9,916,877		(36,745)
EXPENDITURES								
General government support		22,760		30,869		25,679		5,190
Public safety	6,	219,805		7,455,534		7,247,689		207,845
Employee benefits	3,	708,750		3,558,133		3,466,606		91,527
Debt service								
Principal		90,000		90,000		90,000		-
Interest		51,569		40,569		40,569		-
Total Expenditures	10,	092,884		11,175,105		10,870,543		304,562
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures	(228,527)		(1,221,483)		(953,666)		267,817
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Insurance recoveries		-		-		269,058		269,058
Net Change in Fund Balance	(228,527)		(1,221,483)		(684,608)		536,875
FUND BALANCE								
Beginning of Year		228,527		1,221,483		4,103,375		2,881,892
End of Year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,418,767	\$	3,418,767

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Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Greenville Fire District, New York ("District") operates in accordance with various applicable laws of the State of New York. The Board of Fire Commissioners ("Board") is the body responsible for the overall operation of the District. The members of the Board are elected by the taxpayers of the District. The primary function of the District is to provide fire protection, emergency medical and rescue services to residents of the District.

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units and the Uniform System of Accounts as prescribed by the State of New York. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government which is the District, organizations for which the District is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete as set forth by GASB.

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth by GASB, including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no other entities which would be included in the financial statements.

B. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the District as a whole.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the District at the end of its fiscal year. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods or services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment and (3) interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Taxes and other items not identified as program revenues are reported as general revenues. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities.

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated.

C. Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the District are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts which comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. The District maintains the minimum number of funds consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds as that term is defined in professional pronouncements. Each major fund is to be presented in a separate column, with non-major funds, if any, aggregated and presented in a single column. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is presented on the pages following, which briefly explains the adjustments necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental activities column of the government-wide presentation. The District's resources are reflected in the fund financial statements in one broad fund category, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as follows:

Governmental Funds - Governmental Funds are those through which most general government functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The following represents the District's major governmental fund:

General Fund - The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District and includes all revenues and expenditures not required by law to be accounted for in other funds.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets less current liabilities) or economic resources (all assets and liabilities). The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized when they have been earned and they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes are considered to be available if collected within sixty days of the fiscal year end. If expenditures are the prime factor for determining eligibility, revenues from Federal and State grants are recognized as revenues when the expenditure is made and the amounts are expected to be collected within one year of the fiscal year end. A ninety day availability period is generally used for revenue recognition for most other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, net pension liability, total pension liability and other postemployment benefit liability are recognized later based on specific accounting rules applicable to each, generally when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2021

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Balances

Cash and Equivalents, Investments and Risk Disclosure

Cash and Equivalents - Cash and equivalents consist of funds deposited in demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and short-term investments with original maturities of less than three months from the date of acquisition.

The District's deposits and investment policies are governed by State statutes. The District has adopted its own written investment policy which provides for the deposit of funds in Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The District is authorized to use demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit.

Collateral is required for demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit at 100% of all deposits not covered by Federal deposit insurance. The District has entered into custodial agreements with the various banks which hold their deposits. These agreements authorize the obligations that may be pledged as collateral. Such obligations include, among other instruments, obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipal and school district subdivisions.

Investments (Except Length of Service Awards Program) - Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its political subdivisions.

The District follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 72, "*Fair Value Measurement and Application*", which defines fair value and establishes a fair value hierarchy organized into three levels based upon the input assumptions used in pricing assets. Level 1 inputs have the highest reliability and are related to assets with unadjusted quoted prices in active markets. Level 2 inputs relate to assets with other than quoted prices in active markets which may include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities or other inputs which can be corroborated by observable market data. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs and are used to the extent that observable inputs do not exist.

Investments of the Length of Service Awards program are invested in accordance with a statutory prudent person rule and in accordance with an investment policy adopted by the District. The Length of service awards program has a guaranteed interest account ("GIA") provided through a group annuity contract backed by MassMutual's general investment account. MassMutual is not an investment fiduciary to the GIA. Assets in the MassMutual general investment account that back the GIA had average maturities ranging from 5.5 to 6.5 years.

The contract meets the fully benefit-responsive investment contract criteria and therefore is reported at contract value. Contract value is the relevant measure for fully benefit-responsive investment contracts because this is the amount received by participants if they were to initiate permitted transactions under the terms of the Plan. Contract value represents contributions made under each contract, plus earnings, less participant withdrawals, and administrative expenses. At December 31, 2021, the value of the District's investments was \$528,499.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2021

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Risk Disclosure

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that the government will incur losses in fair value caused by changing interest rates. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from changing interest rates. Generally, the District does not invest in any long-term investment obligations.

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 3", directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are either uncollateralized, collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution or collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department but not in the District's name. The District's aggregate bank balances that were not covered by depository insurance were not exposed to custodial credit risk at December 31, 2021.

Credit Risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty will not fulfill its specific obligation even without the entity's complete failure. The District does not have a formal credit risk policy other than restrictions to obligations allowable under General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Concentration of Credit Risk - Concentration of credit risk is the risk attributed to the magnitude of a government's investments in a single issuer. The District's investment policy limits the amount on deposit at each of its banking institutions.

Taxes Receivable - Real property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on real property and are levied on January 1st. The Town of Greenburgh, New York ("Town") collects the District's taxes which are due April 1st and payable without penalty by April 30th. The Town remits the entire levy to the District in accordance with a mutually agreed upon payment schedule.

Other Receivables – Other receivables include amounts due from other governments and individuals for services provided by the District. Receivables are recorded and revenues recognized as earned or as specific expenditures are incurred. Allowances are recorded when appropriate.

Prepaid Expenses/Expenditures - Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods, and are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid expenses/expenditures consist of employee retirement, workers' compensation insurance and other costs which have been satisfied prior to the end of the fiscal year, but represent items which have been provided for in the subsequent year's budget and will benefit such periods. Reported amounts in governmental funds are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance, in the fund financial statements, which indicates that these amounts do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of current assets.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Inventory - There are no inventory values presented in the balance sheet of the District. Purchases of inventoriable items are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase and year-end balances are not material.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Acquisition value is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential on the date of the donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives is not capitalized.

Land is not depreciated. Property, plant and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Class	Life in Years
Buildings and improvements	20-50
Machinery and equipment	5-25

The costs associated with the acquisition or construction of capital assets are shown as expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are not shown on the governmental fund balance sheet.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources in relation to its pension liabilities. These amounts are detailed in the discussion of the District's pension liabilities in Note 3C.

Long-Term Liabilities - In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

Compensated Absences - Vested or accumulated vacation leave of governmental funds that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the respective fund that will pay it. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured through employee resignation or retirement. The liability for compensated absences includes salary related payments, where applicable.

Net Pension Liability - The net pension liability represents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System. The financial reporting of these amounts are presented in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27" and GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68".

Other Postemployment Benefit Liability ("OPEB") - In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides health care benefits for certain retired employees and their survivors. The financial reporting of these amounts are presented in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions".

Total Pension Liability - The total pension liability represents the District's liability for its Length of Service Awards program ("LOSAP"). The financial reporting of this amount is presented in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 73, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68" that establishes requirements for defined benefit pensions that are not within the scope of GASB Statement No. 68.

Net Position - represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

Restricted net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on asset use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Restricted

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

net position for the District includes restricted for apparatus, repairs, retirement contributions and tax stabilization.

Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

Fund Balance - Generally, fund balance represents the difference between current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term receivables) or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (the corpus of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance is reported when constraints placed on the use of the resources are imposed by grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through enabling legislation. Enabling legislation includes a legally enforceable requirement that these resources be used only for the specific purposes as provided in the legislation. This fund balance classification is used to report funds that are restricted for debt service obligations and for other items contained in General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Committed fund balance is reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the entity's highest level of decision making authority. The District's Board is the highest level of decision making authority for the District that can, by the adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, these funds may only be used for the purpose specified unless the District removes or changes the purpose by taking the same action that was used to establish the commitment. This classification includes certain amounts established and approved by the Board.

Assigned fund balance represents amounts constrained either by policy of the Board for amounts assigned for balancing the subsequent years' budget or delegated to the District's Treasurer for amounts assigned for encumbrances. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily, in that additional action does not normally need to be taken for the removal of an assignment. An assignment cannot result in a deficit in the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund.

Unassigned fund balance represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned.

In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted and unrestricted fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the District's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the District's policy to use fund balance in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2021

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

F. Encumbrances

In governmental funds, encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is generally employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General Fund. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as assigned fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. The District has not implemented an encumbrance system.

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

H. Subsequent Events Evaluation by Management

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, which date is May 2, 2022.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary Data

The District follows the procedures enumerated below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- The District budget shall be in the form described in Section 107 of the Town Law and shall be adopted in the manner provided in Section 181 of the Town Law.
- On or before the 21st day prior to the budget hearing, the Board must adopt the proposed budget, file a copy with the District's Secretary and post the budget on the District's website, if they maintain one.
- No sooner than the 20th day prior to the budget hearing, the District must post a notice of the budget hearing for 15 days on the District's website, if they maintain one, and sign board and provide a copy of the notice of the budget hearing to the Town Clerk of the town in which the District is located and in which the District contracts.
- On or before 15 days prior to the budget hearing, the District must publish a notice of the budget hearing in its official newspaper, post a published notice on the District's website, if they maintain one, and provide a copy of the proposed budget for public inspection to the Town Clerk of the town in which the District is located.
- On the 3rd Tuesday in October, the Board shall hold a public hearing to discuss the contents of the proposed budget. The hearing shall be conducted and scheduled in a manner that maximizes participation. At such hearing, any person may be heard in favor of or against the proposed budget as compiled, or for or against any item or items therein contained.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

- After the public hearing, the Board may adopt changes, alterations and revisions to the proposed budget, except that the Board shall not add or increase an appropriation to a capital reserve fund not contained in the proposed budget.
- On or before November 4th, the board shall adopt the District's annual budget.
- On or before November 7th, the District's secretary shall deliver two certified copies of the District's annual budget to the Town Clerk of the town in which the District is located.
- Formal budgetary integration is employed during the year as a management control device for the General Fund.
- The District's General Fund budget is legally adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.
- The Board has established legal control of the budget at the function level of expenditures. Transfers between appropriation accounts, at the function level, require approval by the Board. Any modifications to appropriations resulting from increases in revenue estimates or supplemental reserve appropriations also require a majority vote by the Board.
- General Fund appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year, except that outstanding encumbrances are reappropriated in the succeeding year.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board.

B. Property Tax Limitation

The District is not limited as the maximum amount of real property taxes which may be raised. However, Chapter 97 of the laws of 2011, as amended ("Tax Levy Limitation Law") modified previous law by imposing a limit on the amount of real property taxes that may be levied by a District in a particular year.

The following is a brief summary of certain relevant provisions of the Tax Levy Limitation Law. The summary is not complete and the full text of the Tax Levy Limitation Law should be read in order to understand the details and implementations thereof.

The Tax Levy Limitation Law imposes a limitation on increases in the real property tax levy, subject to certain exceptions. The Tax Levy Limitation Law permits the District to increase its overall real property tax levy over the tax levy of the prior year by no more than the "Allowable Levy Growth Factor," which is the lesser of one and two-one hundredths or the sum of one plus the Inflation Factor; provided, however that in no case shall the levy growth factor be less than one. The "Inflation Factor" is the quotient of: (i) the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States Department of Labor for the twelve-month period ending six months prior to the start of the prior fiscal year, divided by (ii) the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States Department of Labor for the twelve-month period ending six months prior to the start of the prior fiscal year, divided by (ii) the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States Department of Labor for the twelve-month period ending six months prior to the start of the prior fiscal year, divided by (ii) the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States with the result expressed as a decimal to four places. The District is required to calculate its tax levy limit for the upcoming year in

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

accordance with the provision above and provide all relevant information to the New York State Comptroller prior to adopting its budget. The Tax Levy Limitation Law sets forth certain exclusions to the real property tax levy limitation of the District, including exclusions for certain portions of the expenditures for retirement system contributions and tort judgments payable by the District. The District Board may adopt a budget that exceeds the tax levy limit for the coming fiscal year, only if the District first enacts, by a vote of at least sixty percent of the total voting power of the District, a local law to override such limit for such coming fiscal year.

C. Expenditure Limitation

The District, pursuant to Section 176 (18) of Town Law, is subject to an expenditure limitation. The limitation is calculated on a formula which includes the full value of taxable real estate and certain statutory exclusions.

D. Excess of Actual Expenditures Over Budget

The following expenditure category of the General Fund exceeded its budgetary authorization by the amounts indicated:

Employee Benefits Workers' compensation benefits

\$12,380

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Capital Assets

Changes in the District's capital assets for are as follows:

	Balance January 1, 2021	 Additions	Dele	tions	Balance December 31, 2021			
Capital assets, not being depreciated - Land	\$ 100,000	\$ -	\$	-	\$	100,000		
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment	\$ 3,302,469 2,902,270	\$ - 779,418	\$	-	\$	3,302,469 3,681,688		
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	6,204,739	779,418		-		6,984,157		
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment	 1,972,659 2,177,864	85,408 239,927		-		2,058,067 2,417,791		
Total Accumulated Depreciation	 4,150,523	325,335		-		4,475,858		
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	\$ 2,054,216	\$ 454,083	\$	-	\$	2,508,299		
Capital Assets, net	\$ 2,154,216	\$ 454,083	\$	-	\$	2,608,299		

Depreciation expense of \$325,335 was charged to the District's function of public safety.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

B. Short-Term Non-Capital Borrowings

The schedule below details the changes in short-term non-capital borrowings.

	Balance January 1, 2021	 New Issues	R	edemptions_	Dece	alance mber 31, 2021
Tax Anticipation Note	\$-	\$ 1,800,000	\$	1,800,000	\$	-

The \$1,800,000 tax anticipation note was issued on February 22, 2021 and matured on May 12, 2021 with interest at 1%. Interest expenditures of \$4,000 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the General Fund and in the government-wide financial statements for governmental activities.

C. Long-Term Liabilities

The following table summarizes changes in the District's long-term liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2021:

	Balance January 1, 2021		January 1, Iss			Maturities and/or Payments	De	Balance ecember 31, 2021		Due Within ne Year
General Obligation										
Bonds payable Capital	\$	920.000	\$		\$	63.000	\$	857.000	\$	63,000
•	φ	,	φ	-	φ	,	φ	,	φ	,
Judgments and claims		415,000		-		27,000		388,000		27,000
		1,335,000		-		90,000		1,245,000		90,000
Compensated Absences		411,288		-		49,931		361,357		36,000
Net pension liability		7,086,603		-		5,204,900		1,881,703		-
Total pension liability - LOSAP Other Postemployment		889,645		-		85,911		803,734		-
Benefit liability		28,559,140		-		2,276,152		26,282,988		-
	\$	38,281,676	\$	-	\$	7,706,894	\$	30,574,782	\$	126,000

Each governmental fund liability for general obligation bonds, compensated absences, net pension liability, total pension liability and other postemployment benefit liability are liquidated by the General Fund.

General Obligation Bonds Payable

General obligation bonds payable at December 31, 2021 are comprised of the following individual issue:

		Original			Amount Outstanding at
Purpose	Year of Issue	Issue Amount	Final Maturity	Interest Rate	December 31, 2021
Various purposes	2015	\$ 1,515,000	September, 2035	2.000-3.375 %	\$ 1,245,000

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

\$36,569 of interest expenditures was recorded in the fund financial statements in the General Fund and \$35,065 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

Payments to Maturity

The annual requirements to amortize all bonded debt outstanding as of December 31, 2021 including interest payments of \$277,129 are as follows:

Year Ended					
December 31,	 Principal	Interest	Total		
2022	\$ 90,000	\$ 34,769	\$	124,769	
2023	90,000	32,969		122,969	
2024	90,000	31,169		121,169	
2025	90,000	29,144		119,144	
2026	95,000	27,006		122,006	
2027-2031	460,000	94,656		554,656	
2032-2035	 330,000	 27,416		357,416	
	\$ 1,245,000	\$ 277,129	\$	1,522,129	
			-		

The above general obligation bonds are direct borrowings of the District for which its full faith and credit are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable real property within the District.

Legal Debt Margin

The District is subject to legal limitations on the amount of debt that it may issue. The District's legal debt margin is generally 3% of the most recent full valuation of taxable real property.

Pension Plans

New York State and Local Retirement System

The District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS") and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System ("PFRS") which are collectively referred to as the New York State and Local Retirement System ("System"). These are cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans. The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund ("Fund"), which was established to hold all assets and record changes in plan net position. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. The Comptroller is an elected official determined in a direct statewide election and serves a four year term. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law ("NYSRSSL"). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan, which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/about_us/financial_statements_index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

The System is noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3% of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010, who generally contribute between 3% and 6% of their salary for their entire length of service. Under the authority of the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the System's fiscal year ending March 31. The employer contribution rates for the plan's year ending in 2021 are as follows:

	Tier/Plan	Rate
ERS	4 A15 6 A15	16.0% 9.5
PFRS	1 384E5 2 384E5 5 384E 6 384E	31.2 26.6 25.3 16.4

At December 31, 2021, the District reported the following for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for ERS and PFRS:

	ERS	PFRS
Measurement Date	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2021
Net Pension liability	\$ 524	\$ 1,881,179
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0005262%	0.1083456%
Change in proportionate share since the prior measurement date	0.0000309%	(0.0217860%)

The net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a computation of the actuarially determined indexed present value of future compensation by employer relative to the total of all participating members.

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the District recognized its proportionate share of pension expense in the government-wide financial statements of \$28,697 for ERS and \$992,972 for PFRS. Pension expenditures of \$38,051 for ERS and \$1,416,770 for PFRS were recorded in the fund financial statements and were charged to General Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2021

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

At December 31, 2021, the District reported its proportionate share of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ERS and PFRS from the following sources:

		E	RS		PFRS				Total			
	(Deferred Dutflows Resources		Deferred Inflows Resources		Deferred Outflows Resources		Deferred Inflows Resources		Deferred Outflows Resources		Deferred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions District contributions subsequent to the	\$	6,399 96,339 -	\$	- 1,817 150,512	\$	417,424 4,621,854 -	\$	- - 5,531,497	\$	423,823 4,718,193 -	\$	- 1,817 5,682,009
		36,014 29,651		184		254,051 1.099.691		411,814		290,065 1,129,342		411,998
measurement date	\$	168,403	\$	- 152,513	\$	6,393,020	\$	- 5,943,311	\$	6,561,423	\$	6,095,824

\$29,651 and \$1,099,691 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ERS and PFRS, respectively, resulting from the District's accrued contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the plan year ended March 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ERS and PFRS will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended March 31,	 ERS	 PFRS
2022	\$ 4,900	\$ (250,986)
2023	7,603	(50,007)
2024	(356)	(218,684)
2025	(25,908)	(1,009,447)
2026	-	879,142
Thereafter	 	
	\$ (13,761)	\$ (649,982)

The total pension liability for the ERS and PFRS measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation date as noted below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liabilities to that measurement date. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were as follows:

	ERS	PFRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2021
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2020	April 1, 2020
Investment rate of return	5.9% *	5.9% *
Salary scale	4.4%	6.2%
Inflation rate	2.7%	2.7%
Cost of living adjustments	1.4%	1.4%

*Compounded annually, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation. Annuitant mortality rates are based on the System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2020.
Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation is summarized below.

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real Rate
Asset Type	Allocation	of Return
Domestic Equity International Equity	32 % 15	4.05 % 6.30
Private Equity Real Estate	10 9	6.75 4.95
Opportunistic/ARS Portfolio	3	4.50
Credit	4	3.63
Real Assets	3	5.95
Fixed Income	23	0.00
Cash	1	0.50
	<u> 100 </u> %	

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.7%.

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 5.9%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based upon those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.9%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (4.9%) or 1 percentage point higher (6.9%) than the current rate:

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2021

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

	1% Decrease (4.9%)		Decrease Discount Rate		1% Increase (6.9%)	
District's proportionate share of the ERS net pension liability (asset)	\$	145,431	\$	524	\$	(133,114)
District's proportionate share of the PFRS net pension liability (asset)	\$	7,999,834	\$	1,881,179	\$	(3,183,486)

The components of the collective net pension liability as of the March 31, 2021 measurement date were as follows:

	 ERS	 PFRS	 Total
Total pension liability Fiduciary net position	\$ 220,680,157,000 220,580,583,000	\$ 41,236,775,000 39,500,500,000	\$ 261,916,932,000 260,081,083,000
Employers' net pension liability	\$ 99,574,000	\$ 1,736,275,000	\$ 1,835,849,000
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	 99.95%	 95.79%	 99.30%

Employer contributions to ERS and PFRS are paid annually and cover the period through the end of the System's fiscal year, which is March 31st. Retirement contributions as of December 31, 2021 represent the employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2021 through December 31, 2021 based on prior year ERS and PFRS wages multiplied by the employers' contribution rate, by tier. Retirement contributions to ERS and PFRS for the nine months ended December 31, 2021 were \$29,651 and \$1,099,691, respectively.

Voluntary Defined Contribution Plan

The District can offer a defined contribution plan to all non-union employees hired on or after July 1, 2013 and earning at the annual full-time salary rate of \$75,000 or more. The employee contribution is between 3% and 6% depending on salary and the District will contribute 8%. Employer contributions vest after 366 days of service. No current employees participated in this program.

Length of Service Awards Program

The District's financial statements are for the year ended December 31, 2021. However, the information contained in this note is based on information for the Length of Service Award Program for the plan year ending on February 28, 2021, which is the most recent plan year for which complete information is available.

Plan Description

The District established a defined benefit Service Awards Program (referred to as a "LOSAP" – length of service awards program – qualifying under Section 457(e)(11) of the Internal Revenue Code) effective March 1, 1991 for the active volunteer firefighter members of the District. This is a single employer defined benefit plan. The program was established pursuant to Article 11-A of General

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Municipal Law. The program provides municipally-funded pension-like benefits to facilitate the recruitment and retention of active volunteer firefighters. The District is the sponsor of the program.

Under the program, participating volunteers begin to be paid a service award upon attainment of the program "entitlement age". The amount of the service award paid to a volunteer is based upon the number of years of service credit the volunteer earned under the program for performing active volunteer firefighter activities.

Participation, Vesting and Service Credit

Active volunteer firefighters who have reached the age of 18 and who have completed one year of firefighting service are eligible to participate in the program. Participants acquire a nonforfeitable right to a service award after being credited with five years of firefighting service or upon attaining the program's entitlement age. The program's entitlement age is age 65 and completion of one year of service. In general, an active volunteer firefighter is credited with a year of firefighting service for each calendar year after the establishment of the program in which he or she accumulates fifty points. Points are granted for the performance of certain activities in accordance with a system established by the sponsor on the basis of a statutory list of activities and point values. A participant may also receive credit for 5 years of firefighting service rendered prior to the establishment of the program as an active volunteer firefighter member of the District.

Benefits

A participant's benefit under the program is the actuarial equivalent of a monthly payment for life equal to \$20 multiplied by the person's total number of years of firefighting service. The number of years of firefighting service used to compute the benefit cannot exceed forty years. Except in the case of disability or death, benefits are payable when a participant reaches entitlement age. The program provides statutorily mandated death and disability benefits.

Fiduciary Investment and Control

Service credit is determined by the governing board of the sponsor, based on information certified to the governing board by each fire company having members who participate in the program. The fire company must maintain all required records on forms prescribed by the governing board.

The governing board of the sponsor has retained and designated VFIS to assist in the administration of the program. The designated program administrator's functions include installation assistance in the following areas: specimen adoption agreement, specimen master plan, insurance applications, participant enrollment forms, explanation of benefits and benefit certificates provided at enrollment and every three years thereafter. In addition, VFIS provides the following administrative assistance: reminder letter to the District with census for current anniversary date, participant's benefit calculation at the time of termination or retirement for verification by the District, schedule of benefits and costs, valuation and recommended deposit, summary of required contribution and actuarial review and recommended benefit enhancement.

Disbursements of program assets for the payment of benefits or administrative expenses must be approved.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

As of the actuarial valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms.

Inactive participants currently receiving benefit payments	4
Inactive participants entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	3
Active participants	11
Total	18

Contributions

New York State General Municipal Law §219(d) requires the District to contribute an actuarially determined contribution on an annual basis. The actuarially determined contribution shall be appropriated annually by the District.

Measurement of Total Pension Liability

The total pension liability at the February 29, 2021 measurement date was determined using an actuarial valuation as of March 1, 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the March 1, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal Inflation: 0 % Salary Scale: None assumed Mortality – No pre-retirement mortality, post retirement RP 2000 projected to 2030

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 2.50%, which is based on the 20-year AA general obligation bond rate as of the measurement date.

Trust Assets. Although assets have been accumulated in an irrevocable trust such that the assets are dedicated to providing pensions to plan members in accordance with benefit terms, the trust assets are not legally protected from creditors of the District. As such, the trust assets do not meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 73. The trust assets are recorded in the General Fund - Length of Service Awards Program Sub-Fund as investments and as a component of restricted fund balance.

Changes in the Total Pension Liability

Balance as of 3/1/20 measurement date	\$ 889,645
Service cost	22,116
Interest	22,025
Differences between expected and actual experience	(7,987)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(101,500)
Benefit payments	 (20,565)
Balance as of 2/28/21 measurement date	\$ 803,734

Sensitivity of the Total Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the total pension liability of the District as of the February 28, 2021 measurement date, calculated

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2021

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

using the discount rate of 2.50%, as well as what the District's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (1.50%) or 1-percentage point higher (3.50%) than the current rate:

		1%		Current		1%
	0	Decrease	Dis	count Rate	I	Increase
		(1.50%)		(2.50%)		(3.50%)
Total Pension Liability	\$	954,214	\$	803,734	\$	684,925

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$68,411. At December 31, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	(Deferred Outflows Resources	-	Deferred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments and administrative expenses	\$	121 199,907	\$	15,319 87,000
subsequent to the measurement date		14,400		-
	\$	214,428	\$	102,319

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the District reported \$14,400 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District transactions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total pension liability in the plan year ended February 28, 2022.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 Thereafter	\$ 24,270 24,270 24,267 22,726 17,819 (15,643)
	\$ 97,709

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2021

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Other Postemployment Benefit Liability ("OPEB")

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides certain health care benefits for retired employees through a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The various collective bargaining agreements stipulate the employees covered and the percentage of contribution. Contributions by the District may vary according to length of service. The cost of providing postemployment health care benefits is shared between the District and the retired employee as noted below. Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions", so the net OPEB liability is equal to the total OPEB liability. Separate financial statements are not issued for the plan.

At December 31, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active Employees	29
Retired Employees	31
Total	<u> 60</u>

The District's total OPEB liability of \$26,282,988 was measured as of December 31, 2021, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021.

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Salary increases	3.00%
Discount rate	2.06%
Healthcare cost trend rates	Medical 4.30 – 4.90%
	Pharmacy 4.30 – 5.90%
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs	0%

The discount rate was based on the 20-year AA general obligation bond rate as of the measurement date.

Mortality rates were based on Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality tables, with mortality improvements projected for 10 years.

Turnover assumptions were derived from data maintained by the U.S. Office of Personnel Management regarding the most recent experience of the employee group covered by the Federal Employees Retirement System.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2021

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The District's change in the total OPEB liability for the year ended December 31, 2021 is as follows:

Total OPEB Liability - Beginning of Year Service cost Interest	\$ 28,559,140 599,092 607,928
Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments	 (3,227,418) 165,014 (420,768)
Total OPEB Liability - End of Year	\$ 26,282,988

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.06%) or 1 percentage point higher (3.06%) than the current discount rate:

Decrease		count Rate	Increase
(4.060/)		(0.000)	(/)
(1.06%)		(2.06%)	 (3.06%)
otal OPEB Liability \$ 30,980,020) \$	26,282,988	\$ 22,589,430
otal OPEB Liability \$ 30,980,020) \$	26,282,988	\$ 2

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			Current	
			Healthcare	
	1%	C	Cost Trend	1%
	 Decrease		Rates	 Increase
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 22,243,530	\$	26,282,988	\$ 31,428,360

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of (\$1,855,384) in the government-wide financial statements. The District has opted to use the Alternative Measurement Method and therefore all changes in the Total OPEB Liability are recognized in pension expense immediately.

D. Net Position

The components of net position are detailed below:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - the component of net position that reports the difference between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unexpended proceeds, that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Restricted for Apparatus - the component of net position that reports the amounts restricted for the financing of all or part of the cost of acquisition of a type of capital equipment.

Restricted for Repairs - the component of net position that reports the amounts restricted for the financing of all or part of the cost of repairs to District property.

Restricted for Retirement - the component of net position that reports the amounts restricted for the payment of future retirement contributions.

Restricted for Tax Stabilization - the component of net position that reports the amounts restricted to offset future tax increases.

Unrestricted - all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

E. Fund Balances

	 Gener	al Fu	nd
	2021		2020
Nonspendable -			
Prepaid expenditures	\$ 478,859	\$	439,639
Restricted:			
Apparatus	490,736		1,114,449
Repairs	93,839		143,705
Employee benefit accrued liability	95,015		94,920
Retirement contributions	311,414		449,129
Tax stabilization	127,743		129,898
Pension benefits	 528,499		506,260
	 1,647,246		2,438,361
Assigned -			
For subsequent year's expenditures	 275,000		228,527
Unassigned	 1,017,662		996,848
Total Fund Balance	\$ 3,418,767	\$	4,103,375

Certain elements of fund balance are described above. These additional elements which are not reflected in the Statement of Net Position but are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet are described below:

Restricted for Pension Benefits - The component of fund balance that has been set aside to be used for LOSAP pension benefits in accordance with Article 11-A of the General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Prepaid Expenditures has been established to account for payments made in advance. The amount has been classified as nonspendable to indicate that these funds are not "available" for appropriation or expenditure even though they are a component of current assets.

Employee benefit accrued liability - the component of fund balance that has been restricted pursuant to General Municipal Law to provide funds for the payment of unused sick time and other forms of payment for accrued leave time granted upon termination or separation from service.

Subsequent year's expenditures represent amounts that at December 31, 2021 the District Board has assigned to be appropriated for the ensuing year's budget.

Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted or assigned.

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

Litigation

There are currently pending certiorari proceedings, the results of which could require the payment of future tax refunds by the District, if existing assessment rolls are modified based on the outcome of the litigation proceedings. However, the amount of the possible refunds cannot be determined at the present time. Any payments resulting from adverse decisions will be funded in the year in which the payment is made.

Risk Management

The District purchases various conventional insurance policies to reduce its exposure to loss. The general liability policy provides for coverage up to \$1 million per occurrence and \$3 million in the aggregate. In addition, the District maintains an umbrella policy with policy limits of \$20 million. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The District purchases conventional workers' compensation insurance with coverage at statutory levels. The District also purchases conventional health insurance coverage.

Note 5 - Recently Issued GASB Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 87, "*Leases*", as amended by GASB Statement No. 95, "*Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*", establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the concept that leases are a financing of a "right-to-use" underlying asset. As such, this Statement requires a lessee to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset. A lessor will be required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

This is not an all-inclusive list of recently issued GASB pronouncements but rather a listing of Statements that the District believes will most impact its financial statements. The District will evaluate the impact this and other pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

Notes to Financial Statements (Concluded) December 31, 2021

Note 6 - Subsequent Events

The District, on February 22, 2022, issued a Tax anticipation note in the amount of \$1,800,000, which was paid on May 13, 2022.

* * * * *

Required Supplementary Information Length of Service Awards Program Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability and Related Ratios Last 10 Fiscal Years (1)

	2021	_	2020		2019	2018	 2017
Total Pension Liability:							
Service Cost	\$ 22,116	\$	36,343	\$	24,376	\$ 22,331	\$ 24,382
Interest	22,025		11,283		22,013	19,960	19,046
Differences between expected and							
actual experience	(7,987)		(7,240)		196	(6,605)	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(101,500) (3)	239,586	(2)	2,015	45,772	12,357
Benefit payments	 (20,565)		(24,575)		(15,835)	 (30,327)	 (13,184)
Net Change in total pension liability	(85,911)		255,397		32,765	51,131	42,601
Total Pension Liability – Beginning of Year	 889,645		634,248		601,483	 550,352	 507,751
Total Pension Liability – End of Year	\$ 803,734	\$	889,645	\$	634,248	\$ 601,483	\$ 550,352
Covered payroll	N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A

(1) Data not available prior to fiscal year 2017 implementation of GASB Statement No. 73.

(2) The discount rate was decreased from 3.7% as of December 31, 2019 to 1.81% as of December 31, 2020

(3) The discount rate was increased from 1.81% as of December 31, 2020 to 2.50% as of December 31, 2021

Trust Assets. There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 73 to pay related benefits.

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Changes in the

District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	2021		2020		2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms	\$ 599,092 607,928	\$	1,078,930 686,820 -	\$	1,078,930 781,244 -	\$ 1,078,930 733,777 -
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments	 (3,227,418) ((165,014 ((420,768)	,	330,894 2,810,302 ((485,006)	(4)	(355,126) 2,906,336 (501,654)	 (1,328,960) (1,097,172) (493,095)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	(2,276,152)		4,421,940		3,909,730	(1,106,520)
Total OPEB Liability – Beginning of Year	 28,559,140		24,137,200		20,227,470	 21,333,990 (3)
Total OPEB Liability – End of Year	\$ 26,282,988	\$	28,559,140	\$	24,137,200	\$ 20,227,470
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,736,111	\$	5,446,134	\$	5,253,811	\$ 5,125,575
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	 458.20%		524.39%		459.42%	 394.64%

(1) Data not available prior to fiscal year 2018 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board

Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions".

(2) No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of this Statement to pay related

(3) Restated for the implementation of the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75.

(4) Discount rate decreased from 2.75% in 2019 to 2.10% in 2020.

(5) Discount rate decreased from 2.10% in 2020 to 2.06% in 2021.

(6) Results from decreases in healthcare premiums since the prior valuation.

Required Supplementary Information New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	ç	Schedule of th	ne Dis	strict's Propor	tiona	ite Share of th	e Net	Pension Liat	oility (2)				
		2021 (6)	2	020 (4) (5)		2019		2018		2017		2016 (3)		2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0	.0005262%	0	0.0004953%	(0.0002030%	0	0.0002114%	0	.0001911%	(0.0002129%	0	.0002243%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	524	\$	131,149	\$	14,384	\$	6,824	\$	133,238	\$	34,163	\$	7,579
District's covered payroll District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a	\$	266,051	\$	252,462	\$	153,239	\$	148,827	\$	137,852	\$	137,074	\$	133,238
percentage of its covered payroll		0.20%		51.95%		9.39%		4.59%		96.65%		24.92%		5.69%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		99.95%		86.39%		96.27%		98.24%		94.70%		90.70%		97.90%
				Schedu	ule o	f Contributions								
		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	39,535	\$	33,598	\$	25,163	\$	23,169	\$	22,477	\$	21,597	\$	27,333
contractually required contribution		(39,535)		(33,598)		(25,163)		(23,169)		(22,477)		(21,597)		(27,333)
Contribution excess	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
District's covered payroll	\$	275,520	\$	263,753	\$	249,964	\$	150,879	\$	156,995	\$	138,331	\$	137,552
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.35%		12.74%		10.07%		15.36%		14.32%		15.61%		19.87%

(1) Data not available prior to fiscal year 2015 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions".

(2) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the March 31 measurement date within the current fiscal year.

(3) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 7.5% to 7.0% effective with the March 31, 2016 measurement date.

(4) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 7.0% to 6.8% effective with the March 31, 2020 measurement date.

(5) Increase in the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability mainly attributable to decrease in plan fiduciary net position due to investment losses.
(6) Decrease in the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability mainly attributable to increase in plan fiduciary net position due to investment gains, partially offset by a decrease in the discount rate from 6.8% to 5.9% effective with the March 31, 2021 measurement date.

Required Supplementary Information New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System

Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	Schedule of t	he D	istrict's Propo	rtion	ate Share of th	ne N	et Pension Lia	bility	(2)		
	 2021	2	2020 (4) (5)		2019		2018		2017	 2016 (3)	 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	 0.1083456%		0.1301316%		0.1254175%		0.1270916%		0.1257772%	 0.1240861%	 0.1230172%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,881,179	\$	6,955,454	\$	2,103,331	\$	1,284,587	\$	2,606,923	\$ 3,673,926	\$ 338,617
District's covered payroll	\$ 5,022,991	\$	4,966,844	\$	4,639,650	\$	4,629,046	\$	4,359,601	\$ 4,119,315	\$ 4,286,066
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	37.45%		140.04%		45.33%		27.75%		59.80%	89.19%	7.90%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	 95.79%		84.86%		95.09%		96.93%		93.50%	 90.20%	99.00%
			Sched	ule	of Contribution	s					
	 2021		2020		2019		2018		2017	 2016	 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,466,254	\$	1,268,321	\$	1,157,620	\$	1,067,229	\$	1,129,451	\$ 1,057,166	\$ 1,142,288
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (1,466,254)		(1,268,321)		(1,157,620)		(1,067,229)		(1,129,451)	 (1,057,166)	 (1,142,288)
Contribution excess	\$ 	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$ 	\$
District's covered payroll	\$ 5,282,048	\$	4,976,842	\$	4,863,728	\$	4,720,822	\$	4,751,633	\$ 4,541,148	\$ 4,367,644
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	 27.76%		25.48%		23.80%		22.61%		23.77%	 23.28%	 26.15%

(1) Data not available prior to fiscal year 2015 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions".

(2) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the March 31 measurement date within the current fiscal year.

(3) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 7.5% to 7.0% effective with the March 31, 2016 measurement date.

(4) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 7.0% to 6.8% effective with the March 31, 2020 measurement date.

(5) Increase in the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability mainly attributable to decrease in plan fiduciary net position due to investment losses.

(6) Decrease in the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability mainly attributable to increase in plan fiduciary net position due to investment gains, partially offset by a decrease in the discount rate from 6.8% to 5.9% effective with the March 31, 2021 measurement date.

See independent auditors' report.

General Fund Combining Balance Sheets - Sub-Funds December 31, 2021 (With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended December 31, 2020)

		I	Length of Service	 Тс	tals	
400570	 General		Awards Program	 2021		2020
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Investments Accounts receivable Prepaid expenditures	\$ 2,599,037 - 54,500 478,859	\$	- 528,499 - -	\$ 2,599,037 528,499 54,500 478,859	\$	3,286,795 506,260 - 439,639
Total Assets	\$ 3,132,396	\$	528,499	\$ 3,660,895	\$	4,232,694
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 242,128	\$	_	\$ 242,128	\$	129,319
Fund Balance Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	 478,859 1,118,747 275,000 1,017,662		- 528,499 - -	 478,859 1,647,246 275,000 1,017,662		439,639 2,438,361 228,527 996,848
Total Fund Balance	 2,890,268		528,499	 3,418,767		4,103,375
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 3,132,396	\$	528,499	\$ 3,660,895	\$	4,232,694

General Fund Combining Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Sub-Funds Year Ended December 31, 2021 (With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended December 31, 2020)

		General		Length of Service Awards Program	Eli	minations
REVENUES	•	0 700 500	•		•	
Real property taxes	\$	9,792,562	\$	- 23,991	\$	- (22.001)
Departmental income Use of money and property		- 3,633		15,528		(23,991)
Sale of property and compensation for loss		- 3,000		- 10,020		-
Federal aid		102,653		-		-
Miscellaneous		2,501		-		-
Total Revenues		9,901,349		39,519		(23,991)
EXPENDITURES						
General government support		25,679		-		-
Public safety		7,254,400		17,280		(23,991)
Employee benefits		3,466,606		-		-
Debt service						
Principal		90,000		-		-
Interest		40,569		-		-
Total Expenditures		10,877,254		17,280		(23,991)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures		(975,905)		22,239		-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Insurance recoveries		269,058		-		-
Net change in Fund Balance		(706,847)		22,239		-
		0 507 445		500 000		
Beginning of Year		3,597,115		506,260		-
End of Year	\$	2,890,268	\$	528,499	\$	-

See independent auditors' report.

 To	tals	
2021		2020
\$ 9,792,562	\$	9,792,562
- 19,161 -		- 22,582 9,477
 102,653 2,501		79,618 9,950
 9,916,877		9,914,189
25,679 7,247,689 3,466,606		20,642 6,021,379 3,266,159
 90,000 40,569		90,000 46,567
 10,870,543		9,444,747
(953,666)		469,442
 269,058		-
(684,608)		469,442
 4,103,375		3,633,933
\$ 3,418,767	\$	4,103,375

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General Fund Comparative Balance Sheets - Sub-Fund December 31,

	2021	2020
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Accounts receivable Prepaid expenditures	\$ 2,599,037 54,500 478,859	\$ 3,286,795 - 439,639
Total Assets	\$ 3,132,396	\$ 3,726,434
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 242,128	\$ 129,319
Fund Balance		
Nonspendable	478,859	439,639
Restricted	1,118,747	1,932,101
Assigned	275,000	228,527
Unassigned	1,017,662	996,848
Total Fund Balance	2,890,268	3,597,115
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 3,132,396	\$ 3,726,434

General Fund Comparative Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Sub-Fund Years Ended December 31,

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		ariance with inal Budget
REVENUES	۴	0 700 500	۴	0 700 500	۴	0 700 500	۴	
Real property taxes Use of money and property	\$	9,792,562 11,795	\$	9,792,562	\$	9,792,562	\$	-
Sale of property and property		11,795		11,795		3,633		(8,162)
Federal aid	.5	-		89,265		102,653		13,388
Miscellaneous		60,000		60,000		2,501		(57,499)
Total Revenues		9,864,357		9,953,622		9,901,349		(52,273)
EXPENDITURES								
General government support		22,760		30,869		25,679		5,190
Public safety		6,219,805		7,455,534		7,254,400		201,134
Employee benefits		3,708,750		3,558,133		3,466,606		91,527
Debt service								
Principal		90,000		90,000		90,000		-
Interest		51,569		40,569		40,569		-
Total Expenditures		10,092,884		11,175,105		10,877,254		297,851
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		(228,527)		(1,221,483)		(975,905)		245,578
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Insurance recoveries		-		-		269,058		269,058
Net Change in Fund Balance		(228,527)		(1,221,483)		(706,847)		514,636
FUND BALANCE								
Beginning of Year		228,527		1,221,483		3,597,115		2,375,632
End of Year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,890,268	\$	2,890,268

2021

	20	20		
 Original Budget	 Final Budget		Actual	ariance with inal Budget
\$ 9,792,562 11,795 - - 60,000	\$ 9,792,562 11,795 - - 60,000	\$	9,792,562 7,691 9,477 79,618 9,950	\$ - (4,104) 9,477 79,618 (50,050)
 9,864,357	 9,864,357		9,899,298	 34,941
22,760 6,219,805 3,602,900	22,760 6,499,423 3,397,899		20,642 6,026,887 3,266,159	2,118 472,536 131,740
90,000 54,269	90,000 54,269		90,000 46,567	- 7,702
 9,989,734	 10,064,351		9,450,255	 614,096
(125,377)	(199,994)		449,043	649,037
 -	 -		-	 -
(125,377)	(199,994)		449,043	649,037
 125,377	 199,994		3,148,072	 2,948,078
\$ -	\$ -	\$	3,597,115	\$ 3,597,115

General Fund Schedule of Expenditures Compared to Budget Year Ended December 31, 2021 (With Comparative Actuals for the Year Ended December 31, 2020)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	2020 Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT SUPPORT					
Refunds of real property taxes	\$ 3,000	\$ 6,109	\$ 6,109	\$-	\$ 2,123
Metropolitan commuter transportation mobility tax	19,760	24,760	19,570	5,190	18,519
Total General Government Support	22,760	30,869	25,679	5,190	20,642
PUBLIC SAFETY					
Personal services	5,720,000	5,954,495	5,840,952	113,543	5,540,211
Professional services	100,000	131,871	122,396	9,475	69,498
Equipment	61,800	925,988	904,447	21,541	80,719
Uniforms	20,400	20,400	14,137	6,263	13,032
Buildings and grounds	51,600	136,600	116,000	20,600	71,703
Utilities	65,155	50,155	43,564	6,591	37,185
Repairs and maintenance	62,500	112,675	107,038	5,637	123,548
Fire alarms	1,500	1,500	1,439	61	1,409
Inspections and fire prevention	57,850	37,850	26,447	11,403	17,350
Miscellaneous and administrative	21,500	26,500	22,156	4,344	20,053
Insurance	57,000	57,000	55,824	1,176	51,779
Hydrant rental	500	500		500	400
Total Public Safety	6,219,805	7,455,534	7,254,400	201,134	6,026,887

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS		. =00.0= .		=0.400	
State retirement	1,367,000	1,508,254	1,454,821	53,433	1,276,470
Workers' compensation benefits	300,000	213,129	225,509	(12,380)	242,838
Social security	354,250	364,250	357,556	6,694	341,035
Medical, surgical and hospital care	1,608,000	1,398,000	1,372,831	25,169	1,347,627
Other employee benefits	79,500	74,500	55,889	18,611	58,189
Total Employee Benefits	3,708,750	3,558,133	3,466,606	91,527	3,266,159
DEBT SERVICE					
Principal					
Serial bonds	90,000	90,000	90,000	-	90,000
Interest	,	,	,		,
Serial bonds	36,569	36,569	36,569	-	39,269
Tax anticipation note	15,000	4,000	4,000	-	7,298
Total Debt Service	141,569	130,569	130,569		136,567
Total Expenditures	\$ 10,092,884	\$ 11,175,105	\$ 10,877,254	\$ 297,851	\$ 9,450,255

See independent auditors' report.

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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Fire Commissioners of Greenville Fire District, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Greenville Fire District, New York ("District") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 2, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP PFK O'Connor Davies, LLP

PFK O'Connor Davies, Harrison, New York May 2, 2022